



# SmartPA Criteria Proposal

| Drug/Drug Class:           | Biguanides & Combination Agents PDL Edit                                      |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| First Implementation Date: | April 13, 2005  |  |  |  |
| Revised Date:              | January 12, 2023  |  |  |  |
| Prepared For:              | MO HealthNet  |  |  |  |
| Prepared By:               | MO HealthNet/Conduent   |  |  |  |
| Criteria Status:           | <ul><li>☑ Existing Criteria</li><li>☐ Revision of Existing Criteria</li></ul> |  |  |  |
|                            | ☐ New Criteria  |  |  |  |

#### **Executive Summary**

Purpose: The MO HealthNet Pharmacy Program will implement a state-specific preferred drug list.

Why Issue Selected:

Type 2 diabetes mellitus is a significant health problem associated with excessive morbidity and mortality. As the prevalence of this metabolic disorder is rapidly increasing and as older treatments fail to stabilize the disease in many participants, prevention and control are considered key objectives. Metformin monotherapy and combination therapy are generally well tolerated and improve glycemic control and lipid concentrations in patients with non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, whose diabetes is poorly controlled with diet or sulfonylurea therapy alone. Metformin decreases hepatic glucose output by inhibiting gluconeogenesis by reducing glucose substrate availability through its antilipolytic effect which decreases serum free fatty acid concentrations. It also increases insulin-mediated glucose use in peripheral tissues such as in the muscle and liver, typically after meals. In addition, metformin also activates the AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK) enzyme in hepatocytes which contributes to decreases serum lipid concentrations. The most common adverse effects are gastrointestinal related, metallic taste, vitamin B12 deficiency, and lactic acidosis. It is recommended to take these agents with meals to reduce gastrointestinal adverse effects.

Total program savings for the PDL classes will be regularly reviewed.

#### Program-Specific Information:

| cific | Preferred Agents |                                   | Non-Preferred Agents |                                  |
|-------|------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| tion: | •                | Glipizide/Metformin               | •                    | Fortamet®                        |
|       | •                | Glyburide/Metformin               | •                    | Glucophage <sup>®</sup>          |
|       | •                | Metformin HCI                     | •                    | Glucophage® XR                   |
|       | •                | Metformin ER (gen Glucophage® XR) | •                    | Glumetza <sup>®</sup>            |
|       |                  |                                   | •                    | Metformin ER (gen Fortamet® OSM) |
|       |                  |                                   | •                    | Metformin ER (gen Glumetza® MOD) |
|       |                  |                                   | •                    | Metformin Soln                   |
|       |                  |                                   | •                    | Repaglinide/Metformin            |
|       |                  |                                   | •                    | Riomet®                          |
|       |                  |                                   | •                    | Riomet ER™                       |

| Type of Criteria: | <ul><li>☐ Increased risk of ADE</li><li>☐ Appropriate Indications</li></ul> | <ul><li>☑ Preferred Drug List</li><li>☐ Clinical Edit</li></ul> |  |
|-------------------|---|---|--|
| Data Sources:     | ☐ Only Administrative Databases   | ☑ Databases + Prescriber-Supplied                               |  |

## **Setting & Population**

- Drug class for review: Biguanides & Combination Agents
- Age range: All appropriate MO HealthNet participants

#### **Approval Criteria**

- Failure to achieve desired therapeutic outcomes with trial on 2 or more preferred agents
  - Documented trial period of preferred agents OR
  - Documented ADE/ADR to preferred agents AND
- For Fortamet and Glumetza: adequate therapeutic trial on generic Glucophage and/or Glucophage XR (90/120 days) OR
- For Riomet ER: Clinical Consultant Review required

#### **Denial Criteria**

- Therapy will be denied if all approval criteria are not met
- Lack of adequate trial on required preferred agents
- Claim exceeds maximum dosing limitation for the following:

| Drug Description           | Generic Equivalent  | Max Dosing Limitation |
|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| FORTAMET ER 1,000 MG       | METFORMIN ER        | 2 tablets per day     |
| FORTAMET ER 500 MG         | METFORMIN ER        | 5 tablets per day     |
| GLUCOPHAGE XR 500 MG       | METFORMIN ER        | 4 tablets per day     |
| GLUCOPHAGE XR 750 MG       | METFORMIN ER        | 2 tablets per day     |
| GLUCOVANCE 1.25 MG/250 MG  | GLYBURIDE/METFORMIN | 1 tablet per day      |
| GLUCOVANCE 2.5 MG/500 MG   | GLYBURIDE/METFORMIN | 2 tablets per day     |
| GLUCOVANCE 5 MG/500 MG     | GLYBURIDE/METFORMIN | 4 tablets per day     |
| GLUMETZA ER 1,000 MG       | METFORMIN ER        | 2 tablets per day     |
| GLUMETZA ER 500 MG         | METFORMIN ER        | 4 tablets per day     |
| METAGLIP 2.5 MG/250 MG     | GLIPIZIDE/METFORMIN | 1 tablet per day      |
| METAGLIP 2.5 MG/500 MG     | GLIPIZIDE/METFORMIN | 4 tablets per day     |
| METAGLIP 5 MG/500 MG       | GLIPIZIDE/METFORMIN | 4 tablets per day     |
| RIOMET ER 500 MG/5 ML SUSP | METFORMIN HCL       | 20 ml per day         |

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#### **Disposition of Edit**

Denial: Exception Code "0160" (Preferred Drug List)

Rule Type: PDL

## **Default Approval Period**

1 year

#### References

- Evidence-Based Medicine Analysis: "Biguanides", UMKC-DIC; March 2022.
- Evidence-Based Medicine Analysis: "Antidiabetic Combination Agents Oral and Injectable", UMKC-DIC; March 2020.
- Wexler, D., (2019). Metformin in the treatment of adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus. In J.E. Mulder (Ed.), UpToDate.
- American Diabetes Association (ADA). Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes 2022. Diabetes Care. 2022;45(suppl 1): S1-S264.
- Evidence-Based Medicine and Fiscal Analysis: "Oral Antidiabetics: Biguanide and Combination Agents – Therapeutic Class Review", Conduent Business Services, L.L.C., Richmond, VA; June 2021.
- USPDI, Micromedex; 2022.
- Facts and Comparisons eAnswers (online); 2022 Clinical Drug Information, LLC.